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M: FOOD TECHNOLOGY

Q. 1 - Q. 10 carry one mark each.

Q.1	The protein responsible for spongy structure in bread is						
	(A) Albumin	(B) Zein	(C) Gluten	(D) Gliadin			
Q.2	The factor most responsible for making a good ice cream is						
	(A) Water content(C) Emulsifying agent		(D) Mixing index	(B) Homogenization (D) Mixing index			
Q.3	Listed below are some of the functions of fats in the human nutrition. Identify the INCORRECT function						
	(A) Concentrated source of energy(C) Absorption of fat soluble vitamins		(D) Synthesis of	(B) Transport of oxygen to various organs(D) Synthesis of cell membrane and hormones			
Q.4	During ripening of cheese by Penicillium roqueforti the characteristic aroma is because of						
	(A) Methyl ketones (C) Diacetyl		(B) Aceto acetic (D) Acetoin	acid			
Q.5	Which of the following statements is NOT TRUE in case of oxidative rancidity of fatty foods?						
Q.6	 (A) Peroxides and hydroperoxides are formed during auto-oxidation (B) Auto-oxidation is a complex chain reaction (C) The final breakdown products of auto-oxidation are aldehydes, ketones and alcohols (D) The reaction is brought about by an enzyme, called lipase Which of the following group of characteristics is CORRECT in respect of Shigella species foun as food pathogen? (A) Gram positive, motile by gliding, spore forming cocci and transmitted by contaminated food (B) Gram negative, motile by flagella, spore forming bacilli and transmitted by contaminated water 						
Q.7	(C) Gram positive, water both(D) Gram negative.	non-motile, non-spore	forming cocci and transmit	ansmitted by contaminated	l air and		
Q.8	(A) P - 1, Q - 2, R - 3, S - 4 (B) P - 4, Q - 3, R - 2, S - 1 (C) P - 2, Q - 1, R - 4, S - 3 (D) P - 3, Q - 4, R - 1, S - 2 Which of the following conditions for the heat resistance of microorganisms is CORRECT ?						
	(A) Psychrophiles < Mesophiles < Thermophiles(B) Psychrophiles > Mesophiles > Thermophiles						

(C) Thermophiles > Psychrophiles > Mesophiles(D) Mesophiles < Thermophiles < Psychrophiles



2011						
Q.9	The solubility of sodium bicarbonate in water is 9.6 g/100 g at 20 °C and 16.4 g/100 g at 60 °C. If a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate at 60 °C is cooled to 20 °C, the percentage of the dissolved salt crystallized out will be					
	(A) 20.5	(B) 25.4	(C) 41.5	(D) 45.2		
Q.10	Which one of the follow	ing statements is NO'		ritive evaluation of proteins?		
	 (A) PER is defined as the live weight gain per unit weight of protein intake (B) 'Metabolic nitrogen' is the amount of nitrogen present in the feces when a nitrogen free diet is fed to an animal (C) Net protein utilization is a product of biological value and digestibility (D) 'Chemical score' of a mixed protein diet can be calculated from the total amino acids present in the mixture 					
Q. 11	- Q. 20 carry two ma	rks each.				
Q.11	A sugar syrup (density into a tank (1.5 m diame to flow under laminar co	a.s) is required to be pumped pipe. If the liquid is required th the syrup will be				
	(A) 192.9 h	(B) 19.3 h	(C) 38.6 h	(D) 57.9 h		
Q.12	Match the following sauerkraut defects for their causative agents					
	P. Soft kraut	Soft kraut 1. Due to growth of bacteria, mold and/or yeast				
	2. Slimy kraut 2. Due to surface growth of <i>Torula</i> yeast					
	R. Rotted kraut	3. Bacterial growth	3. Bacterial growth does not initiate till last stage			
	S. Pink kraut 4. Rapid growth of <i>Lactobacillus cucumens</i> and <i>L. plantarum</i> specially at elevated temperature					
	(A) P – 4, Q – 2, R – 3, S (C) P – 1, Q – 3, R – 2, S	5 – 4	(B) P - 3, Q - 4, R - 1 (D) P - 2, Q - 1, R - 4	4, S – 3		
Q.13	Match the following carbohydrates with their use in the food processing					
	P. High amylose starch		1. White sauces in co	ook freeze operations		
	Q. Pectin		2. Edible film for wrapping candies			
	R. Starch phosphates		3. As humectant in confectionary			
	S. Glucose		4. Setting agent in jams and jellies			
	(A) P - 1, Q - 2, R - 4, S - 3 (C) P - 3, Q - 1, R - 2, S - 4		(B) P – 2, Q – 4, R – 1, S – 3 (D) P – 4, Q – 3, R – 1, S – 2			
Q.14	Match the food items and their principal flavouring agents given in the two columns below					
	P. Butter	1. Menthol				
	Q. Orange	2. Limonene				
	R. Cloves	3. Eugenol				
	S. Mint	4. Diacetal				
	(A) P - 3, Q - 2, R - 4, S (C) P - 4, Q - 1, R - 3, S		(B) P – 2, Q – (D) P – 4, Q –	37 - 17 - 17 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T		



Match the food items on left hand side with their colloidal nature on right hand side Q.15 1. Foam P. Curd 2. Emulsion Q. Butter 3. Sol R. Vegetable soup 4. Gel S. Whipped egg white (B) P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1(A) P - 2, Q - 1, R - 3, S - 4(D) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2(C) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1In an actively growing (exponential phase) yeast culture, the cell concentration increased from Q.16 10³ cells per ml to 10⁷ cells per ml in 4 h. The doubling time of the yeast is (D) 60 minutes (C) 18 minutes (B) 30 minutes (A) 120 minutes The steps followed in Gram's staining of microorganisms are P. Washing with neutral organic solvent Q. Counter staining with a contrast dye R. Staining with basic dye S. Fixing the colour with a suitable mordant Identify the CORRECT sequence. $\begin{array}{c} \text{(B) } P \rightarrow Q \rightarrow R \rightarrow S \\ \text{(D) } R \rightarrow S \rightarrow P \rightarrow Q \end{array}$ (A) $Q \rightarrow S \rightarrow R \rightarrow P$ (C) $Q \rightarrow P \rightarrow S \rightarrow R$ A continuous dryer was used to dry 12 kg/min of a blanched vegetable containing 50% moisture Q.18 (wet weight basis) to give a product containing 10% moisture. As the dryer could handle feed material with moisture content not more than 25%, a part of dried material was recycled and mixed with the fresh feed. The evaporation rate in the dryer will be (D) 2.93 kg/min (A) 2.08 kg/min (B) 5.33 kg/min (C) 3.33 kg/min An enzyme has a K_m of 4.7×10^{-5} M and V_m is 22 micro moles per litre per min. The enzyme Q.19 reaction is carried out at a substrate concentration of 2×10^{-4} M. The initial reaction velocity for this enzyme catalyzed reaction will be (B) 17.8 micro moles per litre per min (A) 6.5 micro moles per litre per min (D) 8.9 micro moles per litre per min (C) 13.0 micro moles per litre per min The F - value at 121.1 °C, equivalent to 99.9999 percent destruction of a strain of Clostridium botulinum, is 1.8 min. The Do value (decimal reduction time at reference temperature) of the organism will be (C) 6.0 min (D) 0.2 min (B) 0.3 min (A) 10.8 min

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER