

1 to 7 - Choose the option which is correctly spelt.

- 1) (A) CEILING (B) CIELING  
(C) CEELING (D) CELIENG
- 2) (A) OCASSION (B) OCCASION  
(C) OCASION (D) OCCASSION
- 3) (A) EMBARASING (B) EMBARASSING  
(C) EMBARRASSING (D) EMBBARASING
- 4) (A) SYPNOSIS (B) SIPNOSIS  
(C) SYNOPSES (D) SYNOPSIS
- 5) (A) SAPARATE (B) SAPERATE  
(C) SEPERATE (D) SEPARATE
- 6) (A) PLEASENT (B) PLEASANT  
(C) PLESANT (D) PLESENT
- 7) (A) SYMMETRY (B) SYMETRY  
(C) SIMMETRY (D) SYMMATRY

8 to 13 - Fill in the blanks with the correct collective noun.

- 8) A \_\_\_\_\_ of birds is always a beautiful sight.  
(A) Fleet (B) Flight  
(C) Group (D) Range

9) A \_\_\_\_\_ of bees attacked Ravi in the park.

- (A) Heap (B) School  
(C) Swarm (D) Group

10) Mahendra spotted a \_\_\_\_\_ of lions during his trip to Gujarat.

- (A) Army (B) Swarm  
(C) Collection (D) Pride

11) A \_\_\_\_\_ of ants had formed around the sugar cube.

- (A) Army (B) Colony  
(C) Team (D) Flock

12) A \_\_\_\_\_ of arrows was fired at the deer by the hunter.

- (A) Range (B) Quiver  
(C) Host (D) Battalion

13) Children could spot a \_\_\_\_\_ of fish in the nearby pond.

- (A) School (B) Group  
(C) Swarm (D) Flock

14 to 28 - Choose the word which can be substituted for the given sentence / phrase.

14) A thing that is no longer in use.

- (A) Abandoned (B) Obsolete  
(C) Ancient (D) Broken



15) A shortened form of a word or phrase.

- (A) Brief (B) Edited  
(C) Abbreviation (D) Deleted

16) Theft of someone's original work.

- (A) Unauthorised (B) Fake  
(C) Duplicate (D) Plagiarism

17) A situation which cannot be avoided.

- (A) Certain (B) Inevitable  
(C) Inaudible (D) Clear

18) A study of human societies and their cultures.

- (A) Psychology (B) Economics  
(C) Anthropology (D) History

19) Something that cannot be erased.

- (A) permanent (B) indelible  
(C) illegible (D) incorrigible

20) A state in which a few govern the many.

- (A) Democracy (B) Monarchy  
(C) Oligarchy (D) Anarchy

21) A person pretending to be someone he is not.

- (A) Magician (B) Liar  
(C) Thief (D) Imposter

- 22) The practice of having more than one husband at the same time.
- (A) Polygyny (B) Polygamy  
(C) Monogamy (D) Polyandry
- 23) A person not sure about the existence of God.
- (A) Theist (B) Atheist  
(C) Cynic (D) Agnostic
- 24) The study of birds.
- (A) Ornithology (B) Ophthalmology  
(C) Orthodontia (D) Orology
- 25) The absence of law and order in a society.
- (A) Revolt (B) Anarchy  
(C) Mutiny (D) Monarchy
- 26) A disorder causing an uncontrollable desire to steal.
- (A) Schizophrenia (B) Kleptomania  
(C) Claustrophobia (D) Mania
- 27) Giving undue favours to family members.
- (A) Nepotism (B) Favoritism  
(C) Corruption (D) Partisanism
- 28) Something which is very old.
- (A) Aged (B) Redundant  
(C) Ancient (D) Obsolete



29 to 38 - Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition given in the options.

29) She wants to stay \_\_\_\_\_ home tonight.

- (A) in (B) at  
(C) inside (D) to

30) I have not heard from him \_\_\_\_\_ last week.

- (A) for (B) by  
(C) since (D) till

31) Ram must be back home \_\_\_\_\_ 10 O' clock.

- (A) by (B) till  
(C) for (D) to

32) Exercise is necessary \_\_\_\_\_ a good health.

- (A) in (B) with  
(C) for (D) by

33) I will arrive sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ eight and nine A.M.

- (A) on (B) in  
(C) next to (D) between

34) I have not had a call from him \_\_\_\_\_ last Wednesday.

- (A) for (B) in  
(C) since (D) on

35) I slept \_\_\_\_\_ the speech.

- (A) in (B) during  
(C) between (D) ahead

36) The shop is \_\_\_\_\_ the road.

- (A) opposite (B) above  
(C) ahead (D) across

37) He went and sat \_\_\_\_\_ him.

- (A) beside (B) side  
(C) in (D) around

38) He went \_\_\_\_\_ the park on his bicycle.

- (A) up (B) under  
(C) around (D) within

39 to 48 - From the given options, find out the correct antonym of the words.

39) Below

- (A) Under (B) Above  
(C) Up (D) Beside

40) Prevent

- (A) Help (B) Obstruct ✓  
(C) Abbreviate (D) Abandon ✓



41) Abundant

- (A) Small
- (C) Scarce

- (B) Leave
- (D) Widespread

42) Clumsy

- (A) Graceful
- (C) Appropriate

- (B) Clean
- (D) Poor

43) Rapid

- (A) Extend
- (C) Fast

- (B) Brief
- (D) Slow

44) Tame

- (A) Pet
- (C) Wild

- (B) Forgive
- (D) Help

45) Real

- (A) Fake
- (C) Clean

- (B) Dirty
- (D) Wrong

46) Merry

- (A) Divorce
- (C) Happy

- (B) Sad
- (D) Forgetful

47) Despair

- (A) Surprise
- (C) Angry

- (B) Hope
- (D) Foolish

48) Blame

- (A) Praise
- (C) Sugary

- (B) Responsible
- (D) Reprimand

49 to 58 - From the given options, choose the correct synonym.

- 49) Nomadic  
(A) Abundant  
(B) Unsettled  
(C) Permanent  
(D) Happy
- 50) Stupid  
(A) Brilliant  
(B) Dumb  
(C) Fast  
(D) Ignorant
- 51) Ample  
(A) Sufficient  
(B) Scarce  
(C) Orthodox  
(D) Major
- 52) Lethal  
(A) Dreary  
(B) Deadly  
(C) Strange  
(D) Dreadful
- 53) Fade  
(A) Loose  
(B) Fall  
(C) Wither  
(D) Suffer
- 54) Predict  
(A) Foretell  
(B) Explain  
(C) Assert  
(D) Observe
- 55) Authentic  
(A) Factual  
(B) Apparent  
(C) Stable  
(D) Intricate
- 56) Docile  
(A) Gentle  
(B) Stubborn  
(C) Stupid  
(D) Vague



- 57) Concise  
(A) Strong  
(C) Long

- (B) Solid  
(D) Brief

- 58) Conceal  
(A) Steal  
(C) Hide

- (B) Avoid  
(D) Keep

59 to 85 - Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks.

59) Let the flowers \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) not plucked  
(C) not be plucking

- (B) not be plucked  
(D) not being plucked

60) You \_\_\_\_\_ to lend me your books.

- (A) are requesting  
(C) are requested

- (B) requesting  
(D) have requesting

61) When you phoned, I \_\_\_\_\_ in the garden.

- (A) am working  
(C) will be working

- (B) was working  
(D) have been working

62) I \_\_\_\_\_ my homework. What shall I do now?

- (A) did  
(C) will do

- (B) have done  
(D) do

63) She \_\_\_\_\_ as an expert.

- (A) regarded  
(C) will regard

- (B) was regarded  
(D) is regarding

- 64) I think my ankle \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) broken (B) is broken  
(C) has break (D) break
- 65) She \_\_\_\_\_ all her childhood in France.  
(A) spend (B) spends  
(C) had spend (D) has spent
- 66) I \_\_\_\_\_ Ram yesterday morning and he told me that he was leaving for his native place.  
(A) have seen (B) had seen  
(C) had saw (D) seen
- 67) What \_\_\_\_\_ at 4 O' clock yesterday evening?  
(A) were you doing (B) are you doing  
(C) will you be doing (D) did you doing
- 68) The phone rang while I \_\_\_\_\_ dinner.  
(A) had (B) am having  
(C) was having (D) have been having
- 69) He went to the dentist \_\_\_\_\_ he had a tooth ache.  
(A) during (B) which  
(C) because (D) on
- 70) Do you know the boy \_\_\_\_\_ is standing next to Ramesh?  
(A) that (B) he  
(C) which (D) who



71) The girl fell asleep \_\_\_\_\_ the movie.  
(A) in (B) during  
(C) between (D) since

72) He is friendly and that is \_\_\_\_\_ I like him.  
(A) why (B) what  
(C) when (D) who

73) She hates being interrupted \_\_\_\_\_ she is phoning.  
(A) because (B) while  
(C) since (D) where

74) The accused \_\_\_\_\_ having made any statement.  
(A) rejected (B) denied  
(C) refused (D) declined

75) If I \_\_\_\_\_ you, I would have told him the truth.  
(A) am (B) was  
(C) were (D) and

76) Indians need sincere leaders, not people of \_\_\_\_\_ integrity.  
(A) doubting (B) doubtless  
(C) double (D) doubtful

77) Mineral resources are \_\_\_\_\_ and difficult to find.  
(A) common (B) scarce  
(C) incomplete (D) inconsistent

- 78) As \_\_\_\_\_ to private modes of transport, public transport is less polluting.  
(A) contrast (B) compared  
(C) segregate (D) parallel
- 79) India is the largest \_\_\_\_\_ of mango, banana and chiku.  
(A) discoverer (B) manufacturer  
(C) executer (D) exporter
- 80) Plantation crops \_\_\_\_\_ a large group of crops.  
(A) constitute (B) contribute  
(C) make (D) declare
- 81) He \_\_\_\_\_ the gathering in impressive English.  
(A) directed (B) approached  
(C) undertaken (D) addressed
- 82) At a very young age, he \_\_\_\_\_ as a mining engineer.  
(A) activated his life (B) arrive at his destiny  
(C) began his career (D) train himself
- 83) \_\_\_\_\_ to watch cricket everyday?  
(A) Do people in your country like  
(B) People in your country like  
(C) May people in your country like  
(D) Have people in your country like
- 84) It costs Rs. 30 to have a tooth \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) to fill (B) fill  
(C) filled (D) have filled



85) Several of these machines are not in order and \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) need to be repairing
- (B) repairing is required of them
- (C) required that they be repaired
- (D) need to be repaired

86 to 89 - An active / passive sentence has been given. From the given options, select the one which best expresses the same in passive / active voice.

86) It is time to shut the door.

- (A) It is the door's time to be shut
- (B) It is time for the door to be shut
- (C) The time is shut the door
- (D) It is the time for door shutting

87) He will desert his wife sooner or later.

- (A) His wife will be desert by him sooner or later
- (B) His wife will deserted by him sooner or later
- (C) His wife will be deserted sooner or later
- (D) His wife will be deserted by him sooner or later

88) They were denied admission by the security guard.

- (A) The security guard had denied them admission
- (B) The security guard was denying them admission
- (C) The security guard denying them admission
- (D) The security guard was denied admitting them

89) Let us finish this task tonight.

- (A) Let the task be finished by we tonight
- (B) Let the task be finished by us that night
- (C) Let the task be finished by us tonight
- (D) Let the task be finish by we tonight

90 to 93 - A sentence has been given in direct / indirect form. From the given options, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in indirect / direct form.

- 90) "How dare you come in without permission?" she asked.  
(A) She asked how he could dare to come in without permission  
(B) She said to him to dare to come in without permission  
(C) She asked him how he dared to come in without permission  
(D) She told him if he could dare to come in without permission
- 91) Ramesh said, "Prakash, would you mind accompanying me to the market tomorrow?"  
(A) Ramesh said to Prakash if he had minded accompanying him to the market the following day  
(B) Ramesh said to Prakash whether he had accompanied him to the market the following day  
(C) Ramesh asked Prakash whether he would mind accompanying him to the market the following day  
(D) Ramesh asked Prakash to mind accompanying him to the market the following day
- 92) He said, "I can drive a car".  
(A) He said that he can drive a car  
(B) He said that he could drive a car  
(C) He said he can drive a car  
(D) He said he could drive a car
- 93) He said, "I would start a business".  
(A) He said that he will start a business  
(B) He said he will start a business  
(C) He said he would start a business  
(D) He said that he would start a business

In Questions 94 to 100, choose the correct meaning of the underlined proverb/idiom.

- 94) They meet each other once in a blue moon.  
(A) Frequently  
(B) In the night  
(C) Very seldom  
(D) In light of a blue moon



- 95) Ramesh was already having many problems and he did not want to open a whole new can of worms.
- (A) Did not want to solve the problems
  - (B) Did not want insects to create problems
  - (C) Did not want to tackle a new problem
  - (D) Did not enjoy solving his problems
- 96) Kamlesh is earning really well. He spends money at the drop of the hat these days.
- (A) spends money on buying hats
  - (B) spends money on charity work
  - (C) spends money very quickly
  - (D) spends money after a great thought
- 97) Students were told to pull up their socks as the examinations were very close.
- (A) get the dress ready
  - (B) start studying hard
  - (C) wear socks so that they do not fall ill
  - (D) put all their books in place
- 98) Meera got very offended even though her friends were just pulling her leg.
- (A) Tossing her around
  - (B) Teasing and joking with her
  - (C) Fighting with her
  - (D) Hitting her on the leg
- 99) Ameesh was tired of playing the second fiddle to his partner.
- (A) Being bullied
  - (B) Being overworked
  - (C) Being treated as less important
  - (D) Being always early to office
- 100) Rahul was his teacher's favourite as he had his finger in every pie.
- (A) cooked great food
  - (B) made friends with everyone
  - (C) was involved in various activities
  - (D) stood first in the class

